## **ABSTRACT**

Quinolylpropylpiperidine derivatives of general formula (I) in which  $R_{1a}$  is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, hydroxyamino, alkoxyamino or alkylalkoxyamino and R<sub>1b</sub> is hydrogen, or  $R_{1a}$  and  $R_{1b}$  form an oxo,  $R_2$  is carboxyl, carboxymethyl or hydroxymethyl, R<sub>3</sub> is alkyl either substituted with substituted with halogen, optionally 10 phenylthio alkoxy, trifluoromethyl, hydroxyl, alkyl, trifluoromethoxy, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano or amino, or with cycloalkylthio (3 to 7 members) optionally substituted with halogen or trifluoromethyl, or with heteroarylthio (5 to 6 members and 1 to 415 heteroatoms chosen from N, O and S), optionally substituted with halogen, hydroxyl, alkyl, alkoxy, trifluoromethoxy, carboxyl, trifluoromethyl, alkoxycarbonyl, cyano or amino or R<sub>3</sub> is propargyl substituted with phenyl or heteroaryl as defined above, 20  $R_4$  is alkyl, alkenyl- $CH_2$ - or alkynyl- $CH_2$ -, cycloalkyl or in their various isomeric forms, cycloalkylalkyl, separate or as mixtures, and also their salts, their preparation process and intermediates compositions containing them. These novel derivatives 25 are potent antibacterial agents.

$$R_4$$
-O  $R_2$   $N-R_3$   $R_4$ -O  $R_2$   $(I)$